103D CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# **S. 10**

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide tax incentives for the adoption of flexible family leave policies by employers.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JANUARY 21 (legislative day, JANUARY 5), 1993

Mr. Craig (for himself, Mr. Dole, Mr. Hatch, Mr. Grassley, Mr. Burns, Mr. Simpson, Mr. Hatfield, and Mr. Kempthorne) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

## A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide tax incentives for the adoption of flexible family leave policies by employers.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Flexible Family Leave
- 5 Tax Credit Act of 1993".

### 6 TITLE I—FAMILY LEAVE CREDIT

- 7 SEC. 101. CREDIT CREATED.
- 8 Subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1
- 9 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to business

1	related credits) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
2	lowing new section:
3	"SEC. 45A. FAMILY LEAVE CREDIT.
4	"(a) Amount of Credit.—
5	"(1) In general.—For purposes of section 38,
6	the amount of the family leave credit for any em-
7	ployer for any taxable year is 20 percent of the
8	qualified compensation with respect to an employee
9	who is on family leave.
10	"(2) Limitations on availability and
11	AMOUNT OF CREDIT.—
12	"(A) FEWER THAN 500 EMPLOYEES.—An
13	employer is not entitled to a family leave credit
14	for any taxable year unless—
15	"(i) in the case of an employer that is
16	in its first taxable year, the employer had
17	fewer than 500 employees at the close of
18	that year, and
19	"(ii) in the case of other employers,
20	the employer averaged fewer than 500 em-
21	ployees for its preceding taxable year.
22	An employer is considered to average fewer
23	than 500 employees for a taxable year if the
24	sum of its employees on the last day of each

1	quarter in that year divided by the number of
2	quarters is fewer than 500.
3	"(B) DOLLAR CAP ON QUALIFIED COM-
4	PENSATION.—The amount of qualified com-

- PENSATION.—The amount of qualified compensation that may be taken into account with respect to an employee may not exceed \$100 per business day.
- "(C) MAXIMUM PERIOD OF FAMILY LEAVE.—No family leave credit will be available to the extent that the period of family leave for an employee exceeds 12 weeks, defined as 60 business days, in any 12-month period.
- "(D) ADDITIONAL LIMITATION ON LEAVE FOR PERSONAL SERIOUS HEALTH CONDITIONS.—Leave from an employer in connection with a qualified purpose described in subsection (b)(2)(D) will qualify as family leave only if the employee on leave has no unused sick, disability or similar leave.
- "(b) Family Leave.—For purposes of this section—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided in this section, an employee is considered to be on 'family leave' if the employee is on leave from the employer in connection with any qualified purpose.

1	"(2) Qualified purposes.—The term 'quali-
2	fied purposes' means—
3	"(A) the birth of a child,
4	"(B) the placement of a child with the em-
5	ployee for adoption or foster care,
6	"(C) the care of a child, parent or spouse
7	with a serious health condition, or
8	"(D) the treatment of a serious health con-
9	dition which makes the employee unable to per-
10	form the functions of his or her position.
11	"(3) Definitions of Child, parent and se-
12	RIOUS HEALTH CONDITION.—
13	"(A) CHILD.—The term 'child' means an
14	individual who is a son, stepson, daughter, step-
15	daughter, eligible foster child as described in
16	sections $32(c)(3)(B)(iii)$ (I) and (II), or legal
17	ward of the employee or employee's spouse, or
18	a child of a person standing in loco parentis
19	and who either has not reached the age of 19
20	by the commencement of the period of family
21	leave or is physically or mentally incapable of
22	caring for himself or herself.
23	"(B) PARENT.—The term 'parent' means
24	an individual with respect to whom the em-
25	ployee would be considered a 'child' within the

1	meaning of subsection $(b)(2)(A)$ without regard
2	to the age limitation.
3	"(C) Serious health condition.—The
4	term 'serious health condition' means an illness,
5	injury, impairment, or physical or mental condi-
6	tion that involves the inpatient care in a hos-
7	pital, hospice or residential health care facility,
8	or substantial and continuing treatment by a
9	health care provider.
10	"(c) Credit Refundable.—In the case of so much
11	of the section 38 credit as is attributable to the family
12	leave credit—
13	"(1) section 38(c) will not apply, and
14	"(2) for purposes of this section, such credit
15	will be treated as if it were allowed under section
16	103 of the Flexible Family Leave Tax Credit Act of
17	1993.
18	"(d) Nondiscrimination Requirement.—The
19	family leave credit is available to an employer for a taxable
20	year only if the employer provides family leave to its em-
21	ployees for that year on a nondiscriminatory basis.
22	"(e) Other Definitions and Special Rules.—
23	"(1) In general.—For purposes of this sec-
24	tion—

1	"(A) Employer.—Except as otherwise
2	provided in this subpart, the term 'employer'
3	has the meaning provided by section 3306(a)(1)
4	and (3).
5	"(B) Employee.—The term 'employee' in-
6	cludes only permanent employees who have been
7	employed by the employer for at least 12
8	months and have provided over 1000 hours of
9	service to the employer during the 12 months
10	preceding commencement of the family leave.
11	"(C) QUALIFIED COMPENSATION.—The
12	term 'qualified compensation' means the greater
13	of—
14	"(i) cash wages paid or incurred by
15	the employer to or on behalf of the em-
16	ployee as remuneration for services during
17	the period of family leave, and
18	"(ii) cash wages that would have been
19	paid or incurred by the employer to or on
20	behalf of the employee as remuneration for
21	services during the period of family leave
22	had the employee not taken the leave.
23	"(D) Computation.—For purposes of
24	subsection $(e)(1)(C)(ii)$ , the amount of cash
25	wages that would have been paid to the em-

1	ployee for any business day the employee is on
2	family leave is the average daily cash wages of
3	that employee for the four calendar quarters
4	preceding the commencement of the family
5	leave.
6	"(E) Average daily cash wages.—For
7	purposes of the computation described in sub-
8	section (e)(1)(D), an employee's average daily
9	cash wages is his or her total cash wages for
10	the period described in such subsection divided
11	by the number of business days in that period.
12	"(F) Business day.—The term 'business
13	day' includes any day other than a Saturday,
14	Sunday or legal holiday.
15	"(2) Employment and benefits protec-
16	TION.—
17	"(A) In general.—Leave taken under
18	this section shall qualify an employer for a fam-
19	ily leave credit only if—
20	"(i) upon return from such leave, the
21	employee is entitled to be restored by the
22	employer to the position of employment
23	held by the employee when the leave com-
24	menced, or to be restored to an equivalent
25	position with equivalent employment bene-

1	fits, pay, and other terms and conditions of
2	employment;
3	"(ii) the taking of such leave does not
4	result in the loss of any employment bene-
5	fit accrued prior to the date on which the
6	leave commenced; and
7	''(iii) the employer maintains coverage
8	under any 'group health plan' (as defined
9	in section $5000(b)(1)$ ) for the duration of
10	such leave, at the level and under the con-
11	ditions coverage would have been provided
12	if the employee had continued in employ-
13	ment continuously during the leave period.
14	"(B) Limitation.—Nothing in this para-
15	graph shall be construed to require an em-
16	ployer, as a condition of qualifying for a family
17	leave credit, to entitle any employee taking
18	leave to—
19	"(i) the accrual of any seniority or
20	employment benefits during any period of
21	leave; or
22	"(ii) any right, benefit, or position of
23	employment other than any right, benefit,
24	or position to which the employee would

- have been entitled had the employee not 1 2 taken the leave.
- 3 "(3) Expectation that employee will re-4 TURN TO WORK.—No family leave credit will be available for any portion of a period of family leave 5 during which the employer does not reasonably be-6 7 lieve that the employee will return from leave to work for the employer. 8
- "(4) Special rules.—Rules similar to the 9 rules of section 52 shall apply for purposes of this 10 section.
- "(5) REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—The Secretary 12 13 may prescribe such regulations or other guidance as 14 may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the 15 purposes of this section, including guidance relating 16 to ensuring adequate employment and benefits pro-17 tection and guidance to prevent abuse of this sec-18 tion.".

#### 19 SEC. 102. COORDINATION WITH REFUND PROVISION.

- 20 For purposes of section 1324(b)(2) of title 31 of the
- 21 United States Code, section 45A of the Internal Revenue
- Code of 1986 (as added by this Act) will be considered
- to be a credit provision of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 1954 enacted before January 1, 1978.

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1	SEC. 103. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
2	(a) Section 38 is amended by deleting the "plus"
3	after subsection (b)(7) and "." after subsection (b)(8), by
4	inserting ", plus" after subsection (b)(8), and by adding
5	a new subsection (b)(9) to read as follows:
6	"(9) the family leave credit under section 45A."
7	(b) The table of sections for subpart D of part IV
8	of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by adding at
9	the end the following new item:
	"Sec. 45A. Family leave credit."
10	SEC. 104. EFFECTIVE DATE.
11	The amendments made by this title shall apply to
12	family leave that commences 90 days after the date of the
13	enactment of this Act.
14	TITLE II—DEFICIT NEUTRAL
15	REVENUE OFFSET
16	SEC. 201. CORPORATE ESTIMATED TAX PROVISIONS.
17	(a) Increase in Estimated Tax.—
18	(1) In general.—Subsection (d) of section
19	6655 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating
20	to amount of required installments) is amended—
21	(A) by striking "91 percent" each place it
22	appears in paragraph (1)(B)(i) and inserting
23	"100 percent",

1	(B) by striking "91 PERCENT" in the head-
2	ing of paragraph (2) and inserting "100 PER-
3	CENT", and
4	(C) by striking paragraph (3).
5	(2) Conforming amendments.—
6	(A) Clause (ii) of section $6655(e)(2)(B)$ of
7	such Code is amended by striking the table con-
8	tained therein and inserting the following new
9	table:
	"In the case of the following required installments: percentage is:  1st
10	(B) Clause (i) of section 6655(e)(3)(A) of
11	such Code is amended by striking "91 percent"
12	and inserting "100 percent".
13	(b) Modification of Periods for Applying
14	Annualization.—
15	(1) Clause (i) of section $6655(e)(2)(A)$ of such
16	Code is amended—
17	(A) by striking "or for the first 5 months"
18	in subclause (II),
19	(B) by striking "or for the first 8 months"
20	in subclause (III), and
21	(C) by striking "or for the first 11

1	(2) Paragraph (2) of section 6655(e) of such
2	Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the
3	following new subparagraph:
4	"(C) ELECTION FOR DIFFERENT
5	ANNUALIZATION PERIODS.—
6	"(i) If the taxpayer makes an election
7	under this clause—
8	"(I) subclause (II) of subpara-
9	graph (A)(i) shall be applied by sub-
10	stituting '4 months' for '3 months',
11	"(II) subclause (III) of subpara-
12	graph (A)(i) shall be applied by sub-
13	stituting '7 months' for '6 months',
14	and
15	"(III) subclause (IV) of subpara-
16	graph (A)(i) shall be applied by sub-
17	stituting '10 months' for '9 months'.
18	"(ii) If the taxpayer makes an election
19	under this clause—
20	"(I) subclause (II) of subpara-
21	graph (A)(i) shall be applied by sub-
22	stituting '5 months' for '3 months',
23	"(II) subclause (III) of subpara-
24	graph (A)(i) shall be applied by sub-

1	stituting '8 months' for '6 months',
2	and
3	"(III) subclause (IV) of subpara-
4	graph (A)(i) shall be applied by sub-
5	stituting '11 months' for '9 months'.
6	"(iii) An election under clause (i) or
7	(ii) shall apply to the taxable year for
8	which made and such an election shall be
9	effective only if made on or before the date
10	required for the payment of the second re-
11	quired installment for such taxable year."
12	(3) The last sentence of section 6655(g)(3) of
13	such Code is amended by striking "and subsection
14	(e)(2)(A)" and inserting "and, except in the case of
15	an election under subsection (e)(2)(C), subsection
16	(e)(2)(A)".
17	(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
18	this section shall apply to any installment due date occur-
19	ring more than 90 days after the date of enactment of
20	this Act.

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